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Having a few odd sizes left in heavy SHIRTS and DRAWERS and as we need room we will sell them at slaughtering prices. Men's white merino at 25 cents; men's natural wool color at 25 cents. All heavy weight goods at same reduction. Come at once and get your pick.

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WEBER & VOLLMER, Props.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

A. F. STREITZ, DRUGGIST.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

PAINTERS' SUPPLIES,

Window Glass, Machine Oils,

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CORNER OF SIXTH AND SPRUCE STREETS.

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WINDOW GLASS, VARNISHES, GOLD LEAF, GOLD
PAINTS, BRONZES, ARTISTS' COLORS AND BRUSHES, PIANO AND
FURNITURE POLISHES, PREPARED HOUSE AND BUGGY PAINTS,
KILSOMINE MATERIAL, WINDOW SHADES.
ESTABLISHED JULY 1863. 310 SPRUCE STREET.

NEW LIVERY AND FEED STABLE (Old Van Doran Stable.)



Good Teams,

Comfortable Rigs,

Excellent Accommodations for the Farming Public.

Prices Reasonable.
ELDER & LOCK.

Northwest corner of Courthouse square.

Dr. N. McCABE, Prop. J. E. BUSH, Manager.

NORTH PLATTE PHARMACY, NORTH PLATTE, - NEBRASKA.

WE AIM TO HANDLE THE BEST GRADE OF GOODS,
SELL THEM AT REASONABLE PRICES, AND WARRANT
EVERYTHING AS REPRESENTED.

Orders from the country and along the line of the Union
Pacific Railway Solicited.

JOS. F. FILLION, PLUMBING.

Steam and Gas Fitting.

Cesspool and Sewerage a Specialty. Copper and Galvanized Iron Cor-
nice. Tin and Iron Roofings.
Estimates furnished. Repairing of all kinds receive prompt attention
Locust Street, Between Fifth and Sixth,
North Platte, - Nebraska.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune.

IRA L. BARE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, cash in advance, \$1.25.
Six Months, cash in advance, 75 Cents.
Entered at the North Platte (Nebraska) postoffice as
second-class matter.

NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA.

It is centrally situated in the triangular figure bounded by lines drawn from Omaha to Cheyenne, thence to Denver, from thence to starting point. It is 291 miles from the first named city, 225 miles from the second, and 280 miles from the third. Having a population of 4,000 people it is the head-quarters of both freight and passenger divisions of the U. P. Ry Co., and is the home of about 200 railway employees whose monthly pay roll amounts to some \$35,000. Almost 200 miles of irrigation canals are rapidly nearing completion, which will bring into the highest state of cultivation 150,000 acres of the most productive land upon which the sun's rays shine. The citizenship of North Platte is that of the best afforded by the older states, and her people are active, progressive and prosperous. To the industrious, energetic home-seeker from the crowded east North Platte and Lincoln county presents unusual advantages. Thousands of acres of vacant government land, in close proximity to those already being brought under irrigation, may be obtained by consulting the United States land office in North Platte, Neb., and a letter of intent to S. Register, North Platte, Neb., relative to the above will be courteously answered. Irrigated farming is no longer an experiment, but has reached the point where it is acknowledged as pre-eminently the safest—in all respects—method of conducting agricultural and horticultural operations. The salubrious and life-giving climate of Lincoln county, where malaria is unknown and where pulmonary troubles are unknown of, is another incentive to the location therein of those who are anxious to enjoy the good things of this life as long as possible. North Platte churches and schools are above those of eastern communities, the latter being one of the few in Nebraska permitting the graduates thereof to enter the State University without an intermediate preparatory training. The people of the community gladly welcome the honest, industrious eastern citizen who is eager to better his condition and assisting in the upbuilding and development of a comparatively new country.

For information regarding the Great Irrigation Belt of Lincoln Co., write the Lincoln Co. Immigration Association, North Platte, Nebraska.

THE city and town elections in Iowa this week developed the fact that the republican party in the Hawkeye state is more than holding its own, if not actually making perceptible gains. But that is to be expected now that the prohibition element has been eliminated from the politics of that commonwealth.

THE United States supreme court has just decided the point that the life of a patent in the United States expires at the same time that it does in a foreign country. It is said that this decision will affect more property interests than any other since the decision in regard to the validity of the greenback as a war measure. The last two words contain the germ of the latter decision, although it is often given a wider significance by fiat money followers.

AFTER thirty-five years of congressional service Wm. Holman the greater democratic Hoosier, "objector," leaves that body, according to his own statement, poorer than when he entered. This is but poor encouragement for per-spiring populist patriots of the Sixth congressional district of Nebraska who are anxious to fill Kem's shoes. And yet that statesman is easily living within the remainder of his salary of \$5,000 per year, after his income tax has been deducted.

THE appeals made from Nebraska and South Dakota for wheat, oats and barley seed for spring planting are not appeals for charity. The proposition is to issue grain to farmers at cost, making the whole transaction a business matter, the sellers of the grain being protected by mortgages. Of course, it is to the interest of the farmers to the interest of those who hold mortgages on farms, to the interest of all business communities interested in the welfare of farmers as a class, to have good crops and large crops in all agricultural states. Those who are interested in forwarding this movement believe that it would be in the nature of a calamity to the west to keep seed wheat or corn from the farmers in Nebraska and other states who are not able to purchase it. This would compel the virtual abandonment of a good many farms which with seed in the possession of the owners might be made to support the almost destitute families and pave the way to the return of prosperity. Under a recent act of the legislature of Nebraska counties are allowed to bond for the securing of seed grain, but the time is too short, as bonds cannot be placed in time to be of service for this season's crops. What is done must be done promptly and the business men of Cherry county, Nebraska, have organized and incorporated a seed and grain association, with the idea of putting seed grain in the hands of the farm-

ers in time for the spring planting. On this plan the farmers become stock holders in the company, giving notes for the grain, payable in November. If the movement started by the Chicago Board of Trade is not successful these local associations must take up the work.—Inter Ocean.

LEGISLATIVE LACONICS.

The bill making an appropriation to put down an artesian well at the state industrial school, Kearney, has been indefinitely postponed, which means that the measure is knocked "galley west."

It is estimated that at least one million dollars a year for the coming two years must be appropriated by the legislature for the support of the government. This appears like a big sum in these days of a scarcity of money, but the fact remains that the city of Omaha alone expends more than that amount. There is undoubtedly some extravagance in state management, but, after all, Nebraska is governed as cheaply, per capita as any state in the union—much lower than nearly all of them.

There is a good deal of criticism of the legislature concerning the introduction of so many bills, many of which are worse than foolish. The limit has already been reached in the house, with a something like six hundred to its credit, and the senate will probably touch the four hundred mark. In Kansas there were eleven hundred measures introduced in the house and seven hundred in the senate. So long as that mark is made by bleeding Kansas there is scarcely reason to complain of the industry of our own lawmakers. In Kansas every man is his own statesman even to a greater extent than in Nebraska.

AFTER quoting Col. Cody's remarks upon the way in which Nebraska had the past few months been advertised in the east by sensational space writers whose imagination was the only limit to the magnitude of their exaggerations, the Curtis Enterprise sapiently says: "Yes, the state of Nebraska, during the drought period, has been unmercifully misrepresented by world-winged messengers. The poet failed not in making Nebraska rhyme in sentences derogatory to her fair name. The humorist and novelist have both soared high in their attempt to interest the reading public of the land. Long stories (illustrated) adorn the pages of journals and magazines, describing the untold want and destitution upon the barren prairie land of far away Nebraska. Such has been the trend of unknowing and imaginary writers and publishers during the past year. If our state ever needed the service of an active, aggressive, intelligent board of immigration, it is now, and at the close of the present year, Nebraska can be made known, seen and heard as the banner state of the United States. We are glad to learn that a movement is on foot to establish a board whose duties will be to gather statistics of the state's resources, etc. This board will be properly called the 'State Statistical Board,' which will be composed of the governor and two other state officers. We deem this a wise movement, and a very necessary one. We hope to learn of its permanent organization soon."

Bulletins on the flat pea and the giant knotweed or acanthus have been issued by the agricultural department. "The greatest value of the flat pea," says one of the bulletins, "should be a soil renovator. The plant has succeeded in the arid regions of South Africa, and may prove an efficient ally of farmers in similar regions in the southwestern states." Caution is urged in the introduction of giant knotweed owing to its strong, spreading and persistent root stocks. Investigations made by the department indicate that its success in the arid regions of the west is very doubtful.

HOW'S THIS! We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. J. F. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We have the undersigned, have known J. F. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him for his firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinman & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

WHAT'S THE USE OF TALKING About coughs and colds in the winter time. You may have a tickling cough or a little cold, or baby may have the croup, and when it comes you ought to know that Park's Cough Syrup is the best cure for it. Sold by North Platte Pharmacy.

MINERS' STRIKE IS ON.

General Suspension of Work Throughout the Pittsburg District.

TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND OUT

Compromise Propositions Rejected by the Men—Large Meeting of Iowa Operators at Des Moines—Strike of Trenton Mill Hands.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—The strike of the miners of the Pittsburg district is on in full force. It is expected that today will see a general suspension of work. There are three companies whose miners, it is thought, will stay at work. Near Monongahela last night the men held a meeting and, after completing the loading of a barge at the request of the superintendent, quit work.

All the miners of the fourth pool are expected to come out this morning. There is a good boating stage and the operators are desirous of continuing work. Some of them have proposed compromise, but in each case they have been rejected upon the demand for the rate decided upon by the convention. It is estimated that before night 15,000 miners will have quit work in support of the demands of the convention. Reports received at the miners' headquarters in this city up to noon show a general suspension of work throughout the district. From the report of the commissioner of labor, showing the number of miners employed in the district, it is estimated that the number who are on strike is over 21,000, and that the number employed at the mines where there will be no strike is about 1,300. The men are determined to win, although each one will have to rely on his own resources for sustenance during the suspension, as the organization has not the funds to pay strike benefits.

Large Meeting of Operators. DES MOINES, March 7.—The largest and most representative meeting of coal mine operators ever held in Iowa is in session here, but no definite results have been reached on any subject before it. The conference with miners' representatives will occupy tomorrow. The miners will demand the reversion of the scale of 1893. The operators are divided.

Will Remain Out For More Money. TRENTON, N. J., March 7.—Six hundred of the 750 employees of S. K. Felt-ton's woolen mill have struck for a restoration of the second 10 per cent reduction made in their wages last summer. They claim it was promised this season, and that it would be made Jan. 1, but that the promise had been violated.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

Expense of Congress. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The official statement as to the total expense of congress has not yet been prepared, and none will be given until the close of the present week, when they will be put forth by Chairman Sawyer of the house committee on appropriations and by Representative Cannon, with comments on the interests of Democratic and Republican parties respectively. It is known, however, that the figures will not vary much from those sent out by the Associated Press when congress adjourned. The total will not be far from \$496,000,000 for the entire session, and assuming this to be correct, the total appropriations for 1895 and 1896 combined would be \$998,250,000, that for 1895 being \$492,250,000.

Monthly Labor Bulletin. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The issuance of a bimonthly bulletin of the department of labor will be commenced at the beginning of the next fiscal year. The publication is authorized by an act passed last month, and each issue will embrace about 100 octavo pages. The bulletin will be restricted to current facts as to the conditions of labor in this and other countries, condensations of state and foreign labor reports, the condition of the employment and other matters of importance. The inaugural of the scheme is in line with plans already adopted by four foreign governments, England, France, Russia and New Zealand, all of which are now publishing labor gazettes.

Mexico May Retaliate. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The press dispatches received from El Paso, Tex., to the effect that efforts are being made to induce the Mexican government to adopt retaliatory measures against the United States for having abolished the free zone privileges was shown the treasury officials today. So far as they knew the Mexican government had offered no objection to the regulation while it was pending in congress, and now that it was a law it would be strictly enforced.

Will Suppress Lottery Schemes. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The opinion of postal officers that the anti-lottery act passed by congress will have a far-reaching effect in suppressing lottery schemes in this country. Its provisions are expected to effectively prevent the conveyance of lottery matter between the states or introduction here from other countries by express companies or common carriers.

Cadet Appointments to West Point. WASHINGTON, March 7.—Cadet appointments to West Point have been issued to Frederick Gallup, Boone, Ia.; Joseph Johnson, alternate, Forest City, Ia.; G. W. Bannell, Oakland, Cal.; M. G. Perkins, alternate, Oakland, Cal.

Have Not Heard of It. WASHINGTON, March 7.—Neither the state department nor the consular legation here have had any confirmation of the reported demand for the recall of United States Consul General Williams at Havana.

Arranging For the Denver Exposition. DENVER, March 7.—Both branches of the legislature adjourned early today to attend a mass-meeting to arrange for the holding of an international mining and industrial exposition in this city in 1896. The project has been received with great enthusiasm by all classes and its success is assured.

Pioneer of Utah Dead. SALT LAKE, March 7.—Hon. Abraham O. Smoot, second mayor of Salt Lake City and a pioneer of Utah, died at his home in Provo yesterday afternoon from diabetes.

LAST WORDS FOR HARRY HAYWARD.

Attorney Erwin Finishes His Long Effort Before the Jury.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 7.—Mr. Erwin finished his long effort before the jury for the life of Harry Hayward this morning. Mr. Erwin at once began a new tack on the testimony of Blixt, which he admitted was the very focal point of the case. It was full of the most serious contradictions and inconsistencies and unworthy of credence. He then turned to the question of the immunity promised by the state to Blixt and Adry Hayward for the sake of convicting Harry. This, he declared was a revival of the old and pernicious practice of turning state's evidence in vogue in England, and he called upon the jury to stamp it out.

It developed that in case of a conviction—which is evidently expected by the state—immediate sentence will be moved. The defense, on the other hand, has made every preparation for a stay and an appeal in case of conviction.

THREE FIREMEN FATALLY INJURED.

Freight Train Dashes Into a Hook and Ladder Truck at Detroit.

DETROIT, March 7.—A shocking accident occurred at the intersection of Canfield avenue and the railroad tracks early this morning. There had been a fire to which hook and ladder company No. 5 had been called. As the truck was crossing the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee tracks at the point above stated, a freight train dashed down the track, and smashing into the truck, threw it from the track. The following men, probably fatally hurt, were conveyed to hospitals: ANTHONY KORTE, driver. CHRISTIAN GOEBEL, steersman. LIEUTENANT CHARLES L. CHASE. The line of one of the hook and ladder forks entered Koenig's head, penetrating the brain. The truck was thrown about 150 feet and wrecked. The horses were badly mangled. Captain M. F. W. Wirth was also bruised.

Forty Days Overdue.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The American bark Colusa, bound from Tacoma to Shanghai, is 93 days out and grave fears are entertained for her safety. An average run to Shanghai for such a vessel is 30 days. She was laden with lumber and has not been spoken since she sailed on Dec. 3. Five days after she sailed the worst storm ever experienced on the Pacific coast set in, the colliers Montserrat and Keenewa going down with all hands. The Colusa has been on the Pacific coast for 30 years, and was built at Bath, Me.

Strychnine In the Cakes.

LOS ANGELES, March 7.—Two 8-year-old boys were poisoned by strychnine in cakes given them by a neighbor. One boy died, the other is still alive. The woman who gave the cakes strenuously denies all knowledge of the poison or that she had any enmity toward the children. She says she found the cakes on her doorstep over a week ago. Analysis revealed the presence of large doses of strychnine in the cakes. The police are puzzled and say they have discovered nothing which warrants them in making any arrests.

Would Be Lynched Failed.

ABILENE, Tex., March 7.—A mob of well armed and masked farmers rode into town about 3 a. m. and demanded of Sheriff Payne that he give them his prisoner, Crawford, one of the men who robbed the bank yesterday. The sheriff refused and told the crowd that he would defend the prisoner with his life. After some parleying and a promise from the sheriff that he would not remove Crawford from the county, the mob departed.

Negroes Bound For Liberia.

MEMPHIS, March 7.—Three hundred and ten negroes from northern Mississippi and eastern Arkansas passed through the city this morning en route to Savannah, where they will embark Saturday for Liberia. They are going under the direction of the Southern Emigration society, which gives them a through rate of \$41 a head from their homes to Liberia. The money is to be paid in installments. They are promised also the means of starting in life in their new homes.

Wrecked a Bank at Litchfield.

LITCHFIELD, March 7.—A. T. Nichols, cashier of the People's Savings bank, was arrested on a warrant charging him with appropriating bank funds to his own use and secretly dealing the bank's real estate. John Wilson, assistant cashier, is also under arrest on the charge of dealing his mill property to his brother with intent to defraud his creditors.

Cargo of Sugar Rained.

BOSTON, March 7.—Fire was discovered in the main hold of the British steamer Naparima, which arrived from Matanzas, Cuba, with a cargo of sugar. It is thought most of the cargo has been ruined by water. It consisted of 2,100 tons of sugar in bags valued at \$125,000, consigned to the American Sugar Refining company of this city. It is fully insured.

Father O'Grady's Case Continued.

CINCINNATI, March 7.—Upon affidavits of physicians to the effect that Father Dominic O'Grady, who slew Mary Gill-martin, is neither in mental nor physical condition to undergo a trial, Judge Wilson today ordered his case continued until the next term of court. O'Grady's counsel says he never expects his client to be able for a trial.

Miner Blown to Fragments.

AURORA, Mo., March 8.—Matt Blunt was killed outright and John Grace seriously injured by an explosion of giant powder at the mines near here. They were drilling a hole when the drill struck a charge which had failed to go off. Blunt's body was blown to fragments.

Bill Prohibiting Footrooms Passed. JEFFERSON CITY, March 7.—The house passed the senate bill prohibiting pool selling and bookmaking, except upon racetracks during racing season.

Dover, March 7.—One "tallot" was taken for a United States senator today, resulting: Higgins, 9; Addicks, 6; Massey, 4; Wolcott, 7; Tunnell, 4.

Milnes Nominated. KALAMAZOO, March 7.—Lieutenant Governor Milnes was nominated as the congressional candidate to succeed J. C. Burrows on the 16th ballot.

Shop Re-Elected. BOISE, Ida., March 7.—George L. Shoop has been re-elected United States senator. The vote today was Shoop, 27; Sweet, 12; Crook, 14.

UPRISING IN HAITI NOW

Full Fledged Revolution in the Black Republic.

HIPPOLYTE WITHOUT FUNDS

Rebels Likely to Have Things Their Own Way, as the Government is Bankrupt. The Taking of New Chang—British Army Estimate.

KINGSTON, March 7.—There is a full fledged revolution in the republic of Haiti. President Hippolyte having failed to raise funds by means of a loan, finds himself bankrupt. Without money to equip and pay troops, he will find it difficult to carry on an effective military operation against the insurgents. Expecting an attack upon Port au Prince, the capital, from the seaward, General Hippolyte has improvised some war vessels by providing river steamboats with guns from the palace. Finance Minister Foncheard, who deserted the administration a few days ago after a violent quarrel with the president, is represented to be organizing a revolution and is said to be hiding in one of the foreign consulates. United States Minister Smyth has asked the Washington government to send a warship to protect American interests in Haiti.

THE CAPTURE OF NEW CHWANG.

Chinese Forces Completely Routed, Leaving 1,900 Killed upon the Field. HIRASIMA, March 7.—A dispatch received here from General Noda, division Ha Ching, March 4, says that the forces of the first Japanese army assaulted New Chwang proper at 10 o'clock on that morning of that date, and entered the city at noon. A portion of the enemy's forces at once fled to Yen Kow, the New Chwang settlement. The remaining Chinese troops made a stubborn resistance, occupying the houses of the city. Some desperate street fighting followed, and the Chinese were completely routed at 11 o'clock at night, leaving 1,900 killed upon the field. The Japanese captured 500 prisoners and 16 guns, together with a quantity of munitions of war and colors. The Japanese loss was 206 killed and wounded.

A later dispatch from the front says that at 8 o'clock on the morning of March 3 a force of 10,000 Chinese, under General Lung, advanced upon Taping Shang, but were repulsed by the fire of the Japanese artillery. The Chinese retreated before noon. The Japanese sustained no loss.

Friesland Again Afloat.

PORT SAID, March 7.—The Red Star line steamer Friesland, Captain Nickels, which grounded inside the break-water here yesterday, has been floated. Such of her cargo as was taken out to lighten her has been reshipped, and she will soon proceed to Jaffa to take the American excursionists on board, according to the original program.

Another Yagui Outbreak.

URUGUAY, March 7.—A courier has just arrived here bringing news of another outbreak by the Yagui Indians. A band of about 50 hostile braves left their rendezvous in the mountains and struck the Yagui river valley. They attacked a number of ranches and killed seven persons, among the victims being two women.

British Army Estimate.

LONDON, March 7.—The Rt. Hon. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, secretary of state for war, issued the army estimate for 1895. They are placed at £17,383,800, a decrease of £221,000 from the figures for 1894.

Death of a French Duke.

PARIS, March 7.—The Duke of Naouilles is dead, aged 60 years. His youngest brother, the Marquis of Naouilles, is the famous French diplomat and litterateur.

Killed His Family of Six and Himself. LONDON, March 7.—A plasterer named Taylor cut the throats of his wife and six children and then took his own life.

Won by the Ailsa.

CANNES, March 7.—The race between the Britannia, Ailsa and Corsair was won by the Ailsa.

Western Brewers In Secret Session.

CHICAGO, March 7.—A secret meeting of western brewers is in session in Chicago today. Bush of St. Louis, Mor-lin & Jung of Cincinnati and other prominent beer men being present. The object of the meeting is carefully suppressed, considerable mystery attaching to the affair.

TOLD IN A FEW WORDS.

General John C. McClelland is steadily sinking.

While skating on Dow City, Ia., Arthur Clabby, aged 17 years, was drowned.

A fire in the hotel mine at Coronado, Spain, resulted in the loss of 21 lives.

P. H. Detjen, aged 38, committed suicide at Green Bay, Wis., by hanging.

J. Howard Pryor, who slew Mary Gill-martin, is neither in mental nor physical condition to undergo a trial, Judge Wilson today ordered his case continued until the next term of court.

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